Maintenance

Excavated Ponds - Don'ts

- Trees and shrubs are not permitted over or within 4 feet of the principal spillway (barrel pipe)
 Reason: Tree roots may cause pipe misalignment
- ♦ Trees and shrubs are not permitted within the emergency spillway
 - Reason: Dense growth can obstruct flows and cause the water level to overtop the dam
- Trees and shrubs are not permitted within a 25 foot radius around the inlet structure Reason: Roots can shift or crack the inlet structure

Excavated ponds - Do's

- Mow the ground over or within 4 feet of the principal spillway (barrel pipe)

 Reason: This will prevent roots from penetrating the core trench around the pipe
- Clear the barrel outfall (rip rap apron) of dense vegetation

 Reason: Removing obstructions will help prevent excessive sediment accumulation within the pipe
- Clear the storm drain outfalls of dense vegetation
 Reason: Removing obstructions will help prevent excessive sediment accumulation within the storm drain

Embankment Ponds - Don't's

- ♦ Trees and shrubs are not permitted on the top, upstream or downstream dam slopes Reason: Tree roots may cause pathways through the clay core of the dam; they may also fall and remove a portion of the embankment
- ♦ Trees and shrubs are not permitted within the emergency spillway
 Reason: Dense growth can obstruct flows and cause the water level to overtop the dam
- Trees and shrubs are not permitted within a 25 foot radius around the inlet structure or within 15 feet of the toe

Reason: Roots can shift or crack the inlet structure

Embankment Ponds - Do's

- Mow the top, upstream and downstream dam slopes when the grass exceeds 12" in height Reason: This will prevent the grass from falling over and killing new growth
- Clear the barrel outfall (rip rap apron) of dense vegetation
 Reason: Removing obstructions will help prevent excessive sediment accumulation within the pipe
- ♦ Clear the storm drain outfalls of dense vegetation Reason: Removing obstructions will help prevent excessive sediment accumulation within the storm drain

Miscellaneous Maintenance For All Ponds

- Corrosion on metal trash racks and risers
 Remove corrosion and coat with bituminous material
- Overgrown or clogged dewatering stone
 Remove excess vegetation from stone. If necessary, rake the stone to dislodge sediments.

Printed: 02/12/2013 Page 1 of 2

- ♦ Seepage through riser walls
 - If seepage is occurring through exposed aggregates, then pressure grouting may be needed. Parget over the surface with a non-shrink grout to cover exposed rebar or small seeps.
- ♦ Sloughing, slumping or sliding of slopes
 - May result because of poor stabilization. Apply seed and mulch or curlex to regarded areas. Repair may need a geotechnical assistant.
- ♦ Depressions
 - If the depression occurs over the barrel pipe, it may indicate soil loss through a joint or from pipe deterioration. Contact the County for further instructions.
- ♦ Animal Burrows
 - Mudpack the burrow with a slurry mix consisting of 90% and 10% cement.

Maintenance for Wet Retention Ponds

Remove tall vegetation growing along the water's edge on the upstream dam slope Reason: This will discourage muskrats from burrowing into the dam; minimizes animal burrowing

Ponds with Forebays

- Remove sediment from the forebay when 50% of its capacity has been lost
- A Remove sediment if it is higher than the invert of the storm drain

Sand Filters

- If the facility does not drain and wetland plants are evident, then the facility has failed. Remove top layer of sand/mulch/soil; filter cloth may need to be replaced.
- If the facility does not drain in 72 hours then the filter cloth may be clogged. The cloth will need to be replaced.

Stormwater Management Team

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Printed: 02/12/2013 Page 2 of 2